



Promote Enhanced Physical Health Across Communities

Regional Health Improvement Plan Workgroup

Join Zoom Meeting

<https://zoom.us/j/188624791>

Join by phone:

+1 669 900 6833

Meeting ID: 188 624 791

August 25, 2020. 8:00-9:30am

Aim/Goal
Equitably and measurably support all Central Oregonians to prevent disease by improving health behaviors and reducing risk factors that contribute to premature death and diminish quality of life.
Future State Metrics
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Decrease asthma, cancer, cardiovascular disease, and diabetes rates2. Decrease obesity rates in adults3. Increase fruit/vegetable consumption and physical activity in youth4. Decrease risk factors for cardio-pulmonary and/or preventable disease5. Decrease sexually transmitted infections6. Increase individuals receiving both an annual wellness visit and preventative dental visit

AGENDA	
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8:00-8:10	Welcome & Land Acknowledgement
8:10-9:25	Strategic Direction
9:25-9:30	Next Steps



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Future State Metrics – Full Detail			
1. By December 2023, decrease chronic disease rates by 10% in each County, age-adjusted:			
	Crook County	Deschutes County	Jefferson County
Asthma (%)	7.4	8.2	12.9
Cancer (%)	7.0	6.4	4.9
Cardiovascular Disease (%)	8.7	4.3	5.1
Diabetes	9.5	5.3	18.3
2. A.) By December 2023, reduce adult obesity rates in Central Oregon Region by 7% in each county:			
Crook County	Deschutes County	Jefferson County	
29.3%	19.9%	39.2%	
2. B.) By December 2023, increase the percentage of Central Oregon youth who meet the physical activity and fruit/vegetable consumption goals by 10 percentage points in each county to:			
8 th Grade Rates	Crook County	Deschutes County	Jefferson County
Percentage of students reporting 60 minutes or more of physical activity in the last 7 days.	47%	38%	32%
Index of 6 fruit and vegetable consumption questions, what percentage of youth are getting at least 5 servings of fruit or vegetables per day.	38%	33%	41%
11 th Grade Rates	Crook County	Deschutes County	Jefferson County
Percentage of students reporting 60 minutes or more of physical activity in the last 7 days.	39%	26%	30%
Index of 6 fruit and vegetable consumption questions, what percentage of youth are getting at least 5 servings of fruit or vegetables per day.	31%	26%	25%

31. By December 2023, decrease risk factors that contribute to Cardio-Pulmonary Disease and/or Preventable Disease by 7% in each county:

	Crook County	Deschutes County	Jefferson County
Age-adjusted % of adults who currently smoke	24.5%	16.1%	11.9%
The age-adjusted rate of persons hospitalized for stroke per 100k	196.0	190.0	319.0
The age-adjusted rate of persons hospitalized for diabetes per 100k	86.0	59.5	128.5

31. By December 2023, decrease 5-year rates and/or 5-year case counts of STIs by 20%:

	Crook County	Deschutes County	Jefferson County
The 5-year age-adjusted rate of gonorrhea per 100k	52.7	23.5	95.8
	Central Oregon		
5-year syphilis case count	37		
5-year HIV case count	21		

5. By December 2023, increase the percentage of PacificSource (Central Oregon CCO) Medicaid members, at any age, who received both an annual wellness visit by a Primary Care Provider and a preventive dental visit by a member of the Oral Health Care Team by 10 percentage points to:

Crook County	Deschutes County	Jefferson County
29.8%	32.75%	31.3%



**Central Oregon
Health
Council**

Regional Health Improvement Plan (RHIP) Workgroup

Guiding Principles

Shared Focus

We come together to improve the health and well-being of individuals living in various and diverse communities throughout Central Oregon region. We use the Regional Health Improvement Plan (RHIP) as our guide. It is our region's shared vision of current problems and our aims. As workgroup partners we develop agreed-upon actions to solve the issues and keep the needs of our communities as the main focus.

Shared Metrics

We measure progress, process and outcomes through a shared lens. We use the Regional Health Assessment (RHA), Regional Health Improvement Plan and community dashboard.

Involve Targeted Population

The individuals living in our diverse Central Oregon communities are the center of our work. We make every effort to include people from every part of the region in our workgroups, discussions, processes and decisions.

Collaborate to Solve Complex Issues

Inviting diverse perspectives from throughout the Central Oregon region deepens our shared understanding of complex issues and propels us toward better progress and outcomes. We practice frequent, structured, open communication to build trust, assure shared objectives, and create common motivation. We respect the privacy and sensitivity of information partners share.

Coordinate Collective Efforts

We are made up of diverse partner organizations and individuals with unique strengths, skills, and resources. We coordinate our efforts and use our unique strengths and skills to meet the goals of the RHIP.

Learn and Adapt Together

We embrace shared learning and a growth mindset. We create a space that allows for mistakes, failures, second changes, and a celebration of brave attempts. We adjust and apply our learnings to the complex and changing landscape of health and well-being in Central Oregon.

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Background: Why are we talking about this?	
1990s Rise in obesity rates Increased sugar consumption 2000s Decrease in recess time at school Increasing Aging Population Tech Advancement & Screen Time Vaping / E-cigarettes	Physical health is influenced by genes and biology, health behaviors, social environment, physical environment, and health services. Enhancing physical health throughout our communities improves quality of life and reduces the burden of healthcare and other costs to personal and public health. Access to healthcare is a challenge for residents in rural areas.

Current Condition: What's happening right now?
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Current rates of cardiovascular disease: Crook 9.7%, Deschutes 4.8%, Jefferson 5.7% • Current rates of diabetes: Crook 10.6%, Deschutes 5.9%, Jefferson 20.4% • Current adult obesity rates: Crook 31.5%, Deschutes 21.4%, Jefferson 42.2% • Fewer than 30% of 11th graders report 60 minutes or more of physical activity in 7 days • Fewer than 25% of 11th graders report getting 5 or more servings of fruits and vegetables per day • Adults who currently smoke: Crook 29.3%, Deschutes 17.3%, Jefferson 12.7% • Adults reporting high blood pressure: Crook 48.8%, Deschutes 24.8%, Jefferson 16.9% • New cases of syphilis have been steadily increasing in the entire region since 2012 • Percentage of Medicaid members who receive both annual wellness visit and preventive dental visit: Crook 17.8%, Deschutes 20.75%, Jefferson 19.3% <p>See RHIP for Full Current State Metrics</p>

Goal Statement: Where do we want to be in 4 years?
Aim/Goal Equitably and measurably support all Central Oregonians to prevent disease by improving health behaviors and reducing risk factors that contribute to premature death and diminish quality of life.
Future State Metrics - By December 2023: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Decrease asthma, cancer, cardiovascular disease, and diabetes rates 2. Decrease obesity rates in adults 3. Increase fruit/vegetable consumption and physical activity in youth 4. Decrease risk factors for cardio-pulmonary and/or preventable disease 5. Decrease sexually transmitted infections 6. Increase individuals receiving both an annual wellness visit and preventative dental visit

Analysis: What's keeping us from getting there?
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inequitable measurement and approaches to weight and health management • Rigidity of time, funding/payment, availability of service and receiving service • Disparate funding and deceptive marketing • Siloed systems prevent coordination of care • Power dynamics adversely affect and create an underrepresentation in policy creation • Trauma without resilience skills negatively impacts health • Resource inequality exacerbates health disparity • Individual and collective health beliefs impact health literacy efforts • Restrictive and inequitable built environment impacts health

Date updated:	Workgroup:	Version:
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Strategic Direction: What are we going to try?
{insert}

Focused Implementation: What are our specific actions? (who, what, when, where?)
{insert}

Follow-Up: What's working? What have we learned?
{insert}

Enhanced Physical Health Across Communities

Root Cause Barriers: What is blocking us from moving toward our future state measures?

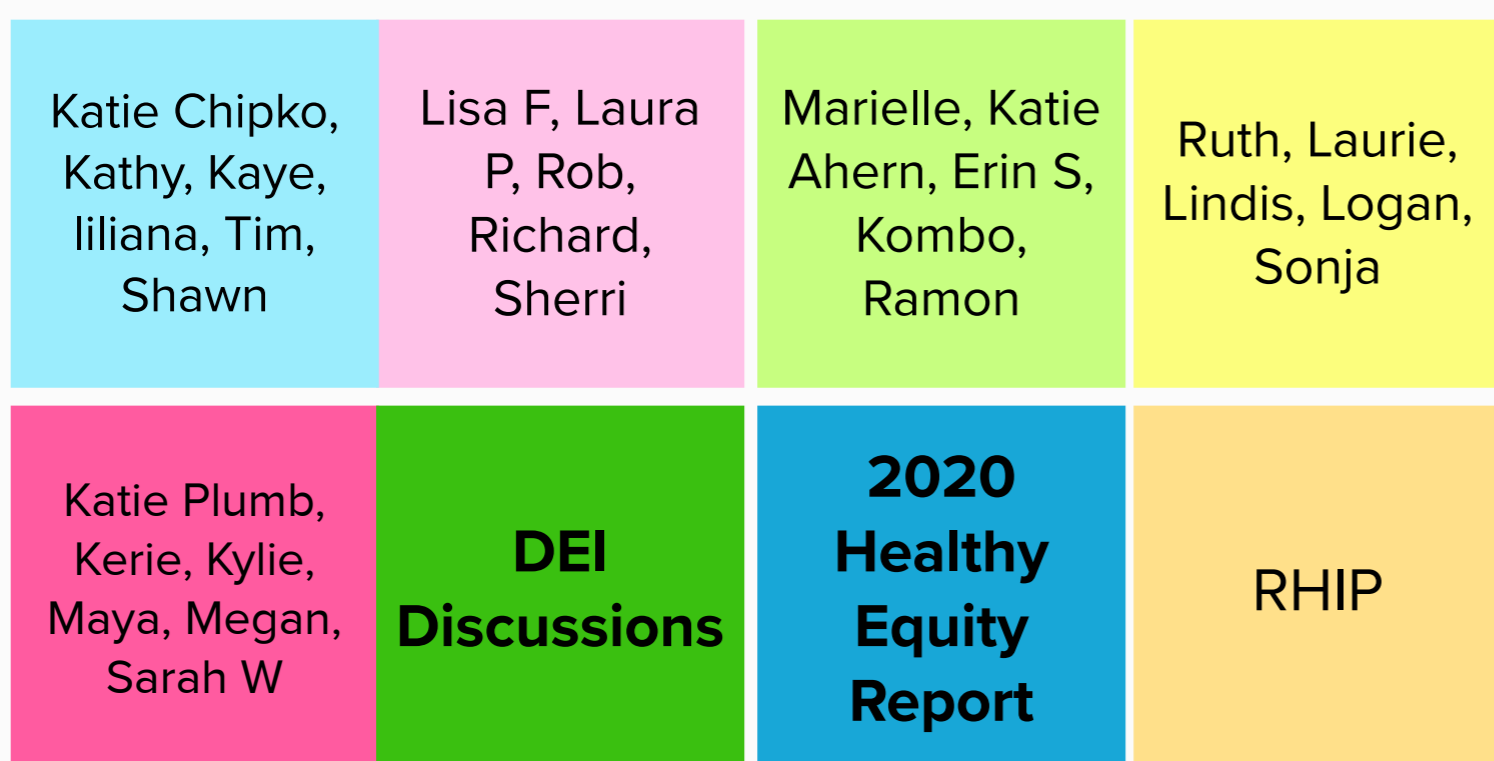
Rigidity of time funding/payment, availability of service and receiving service	Individual and collective health beliefs impact health literacy efforts	Restrictive and inequitable built environment impacts health	Resource inequality exacerbates health disparity	Trauma without resilience skills negatively impacts health	Power dynamics adversely affect and create an underrepresentation in policy creation	Insufficient integration of systems prevents coordination of care	Inequitable measurement and approaches to weight and health management	Disparate funding and deceptive marketing
Scheduling of classes and educational groups mostly 9-5, adding burden to working adult	STD education is inadequate and not working	Transportation to preventable dental care	Affordability and accessibility to fresh fruits & veggies	Trauma	Policies don't encourage representation by those most effected	Chronic conditions are complex and are treated in a silo'd way	Healthcare system that proactively ignores the individuals needs and mostly supports the affluent	Targeted Marketing to Youth
Working time is barrier to PA - only affluent can fit it in	Hours and transportation limit access to early education	Walkability and distance to access stores, parks, etc.	Cost is #1 barrier to sports participation for low income families	Lack of family structure	School-based health center limits on education and prevention	Workflows are not easy for clinics, with scheduling being an obstacle	Focus on obesity rates with an individual can lead to fat shaming and it's not supportive	Food industry messaging, education
Inaccessibility to services	Cultural differences in health practices and health literacy	Physical activity engineered out of our lifestyles	Ability to pay for dental care		School support for gardening and growing fresh fruits and veggies	Dental appointments aren't scheduled	Remove weight stigma and work to create healthy relationships with food	Media - social media exposure, marketing targeting audiences
Access / time	Constrained parental engagement	Transportation	Poverty		Shifting political climate shifts priorities		Public perception that eating healthy means it doesn't taste good	
	Understanding risk factors for disease	Environmental factors	Insurance coverage					
	Unstable Family Structure	Food deserts					Stigma silences people	
	Education							

Unnamed area

Enhancing Physical Health Strategic Direction - Action Ideas



Sources



Unnamed area

